The targeting limits of transcranial electrical stimulation

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Lucas Parra, Jacek Dmochowski, Anli Liu, Greg Kronberg, Abhishek Datta, Dennis Truong, Niranjan Khadka, Dennis Truong, Louis Zannou, Zeinab Esmaeilpour, Nigel Gebodh, Belen Lafon, Gozde Unal, Mohamad Rad, Andy Huang, Asif Rahman, Mark Jackson, Devin Adair, Mahima Sharma,



UR Medicine, Del Monte Institute for Neuroscience. Oct 25, 2019

Disclosure

The City University of New York: Patents on brain stimulation. Soterix Medical: Produces tDCS and High-Definition tDCS. Boston Scientific: Neuromodulation Scientific Advisory Board GlaxoSmithKline (GSK): Life Science Scientific Advisory Board Mecta

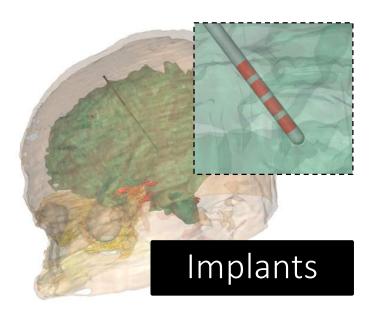
Halo Neuroscience: Scientific Advisory Board

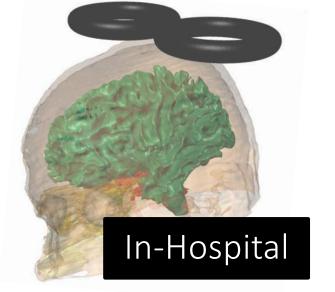
Support

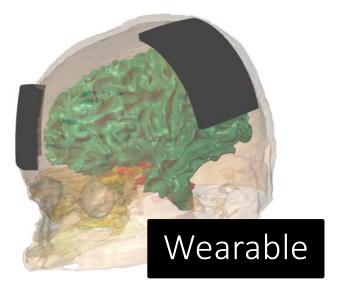
NIH (NIMH, NINDS, NCI, NIBIB) – *BRAIN Initiative*, NSF, Grove Foundation, Harold Shames, CCNY Fund, 21st Century Fund, "X"



What defines neuromodulation technologies is how energy is delivered to what target







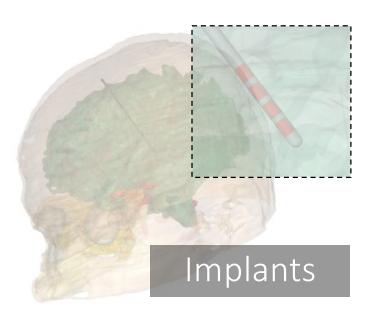
Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)

Spinal Cord Stimulation (SCS) Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS)

Electroconvulsive Therapy Transcranial Electrical Stimulation (tES)

Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation (tDCS)

What defines neuromodulation technologies is how energy is delivered to what target

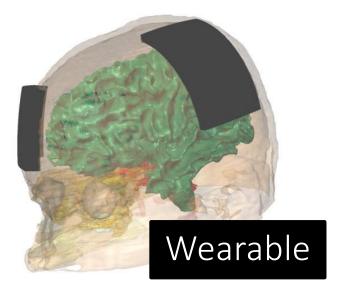


Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)

Spinal Cord Stimulation (SCS) Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS)

In-Hospital

Electroconvulsive Therapy

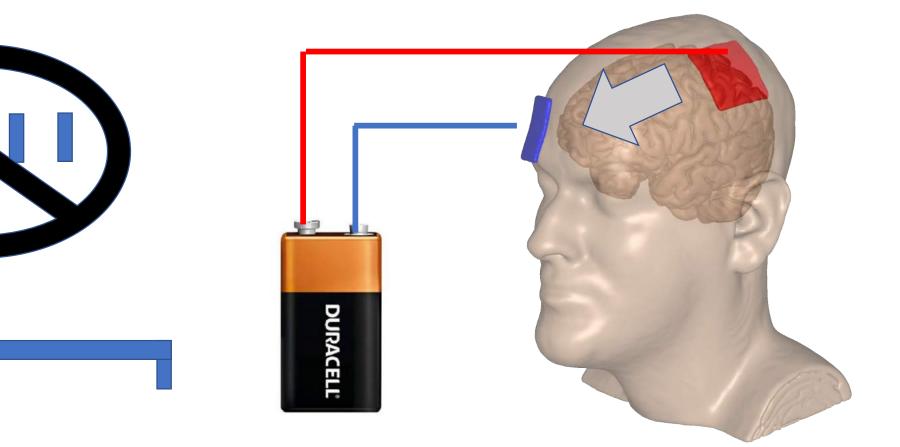


Transcranial Electrical

Stimulation (tES)

Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation (tDCS)

Transcranial Direct Current Stimulation is a wearable brain stimulator that applied Direct Current (no pulses)



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tDCS: transcranial Direct Current Stimulation



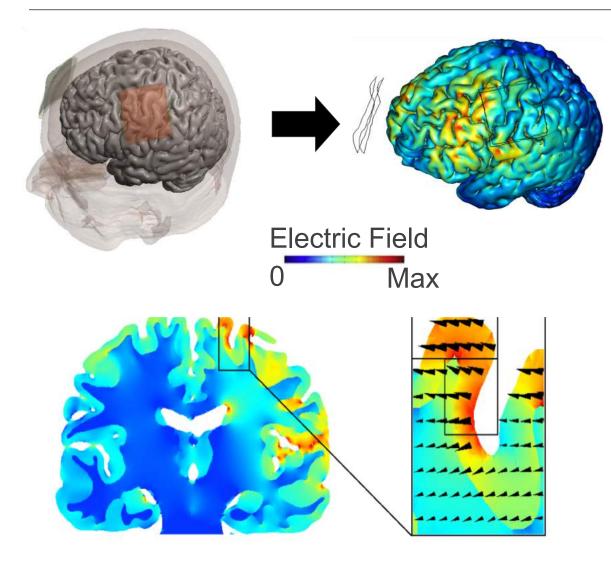


Anode (+) Electrode

2 mA 20 minute session



"Anodal" / "Cathodal" refer to proximity of target Computational models predict brain current flow (inside) during transcranial electrical stimulation (outside)



MRI-derived models with gyri-level precision.

Datta et al. Gyri-precise model of tDCS: Improved spatial focality *Brain Stim* 2009

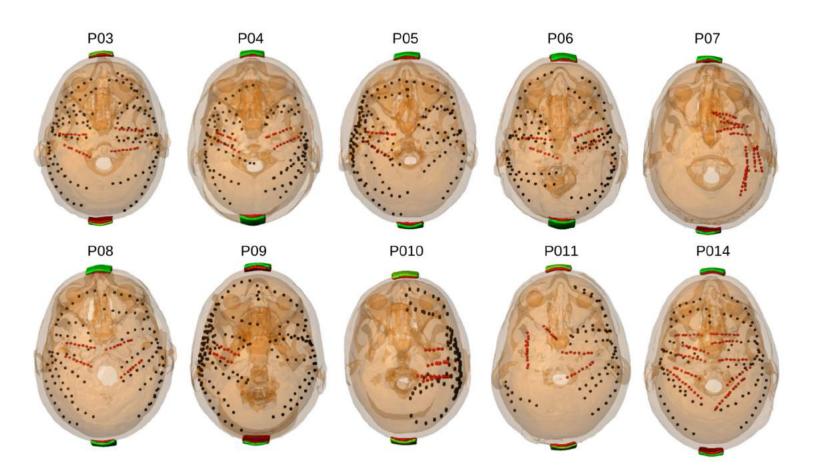
Sub-gyri level nuance in outcomes.

Rahman et al. Cellular Effects of Acute Direct Current Stimulation: Somatic and Synaptic Terminal Effects *J Physiol* 2014

Models of brain current flow have been validated (again and again)

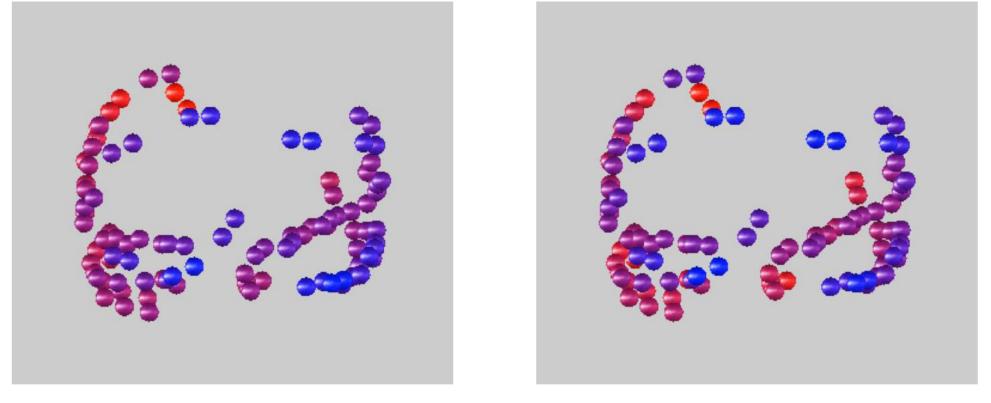
Intra-cranial voltages during transcranial electrical stimulation:

Experimental recordings with subject specific MRIderived models.



Huang et al. Measurements and models of electric fields in the human brain during tES. *Elife* 2017

Models of brain current flow have been validated (again and again)



Recording (Volts)

Model (Volts)

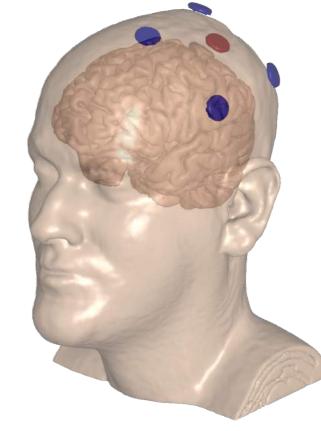
Huang et al. Measurements and models of electric fields in the human brain during tES. *Elife* 2017

tDCS / tACS (pad electrode)

Image: Window Structure </t

M1-SO tDCS montage

High Definition tDCS / tACS



4x1 HD-tDCS montage

Datta et al. Gyri-precise model of tDCS: Improved spatial focality Brain Stim 2009

current flow

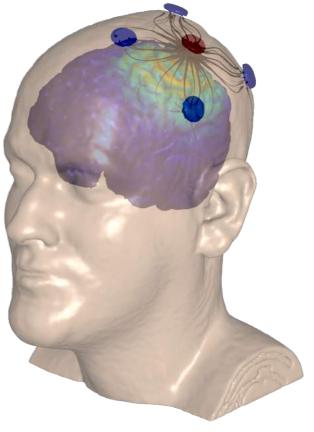
tDCS / tACS (pad electrode)

M1-SO tDCS

montage

Anatomical MRI derived models of current flow

High Definition tDCS / tACS



4x1 HD-tDCS montage

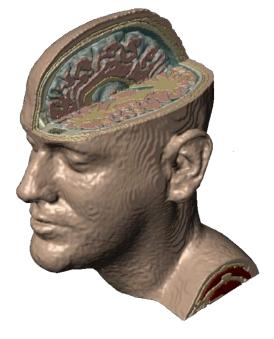
Datta et al. Gyri-precise model of tDCS: Improved spatial focality Brain Stim 2009

tDCS / tACS (pad electrode)



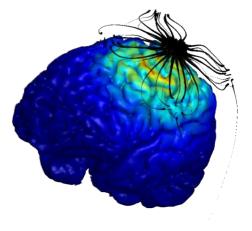
"Circuit Therapeutics" modulate multiple brain-node involved in disorder

> M1-SO tDCS montage



Anatomical MRI derived models of current flow

High Definition tDCS / tACS

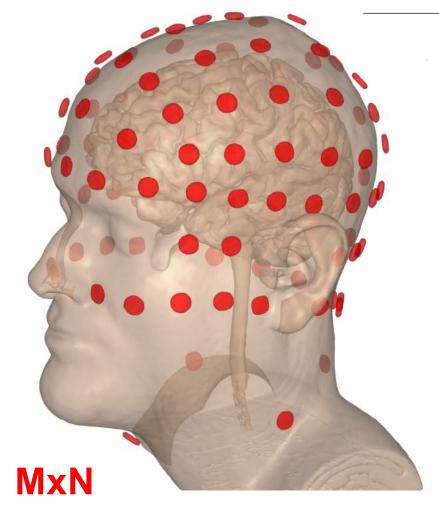


Non-invasive targeted arbitrarywaveform neuromodulation

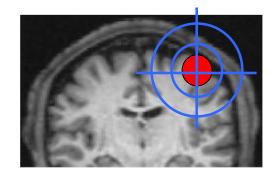
4x1 HD-tDCS montage

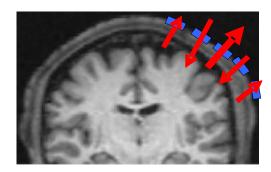
Datta et al. Gyri-precise model of tDCS: Improved spatial focality Brain Stim 2009

Pick a brain target: software provides optimized dose



Dmochowksi et al. Optimized multielectrodes stimulation. *J Neural Engr* 2011



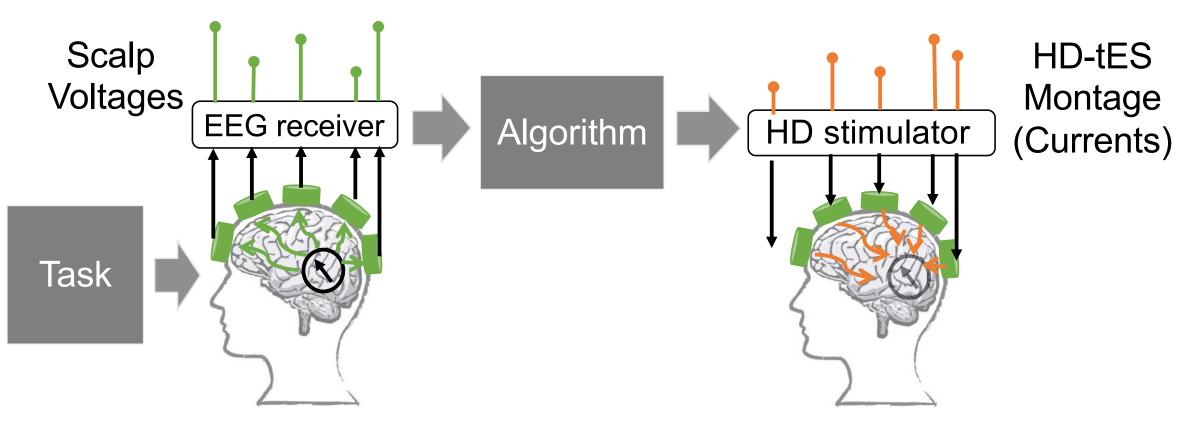


- ✓ Software allows target selected (HD) tES optimization
- ✓ Subject (MRI) specific (skull defect, brain injury, extremes of age, Zika..)
- ✓ Any waveform (DC, AC, pulsed, Interferential, ECT...)
- ✓ Multi-target, deep...

EEG automatically and instantly "inverted" to optimal HD-tES

Dmochowksi et al. Optimal use of EEG recordings to target active brain areas with transcranial electrical stimulation. *Neuroimage* 2017

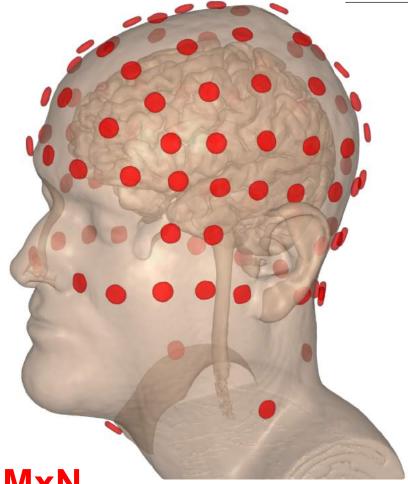
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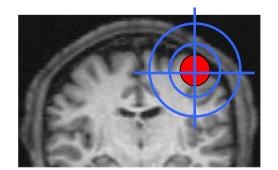


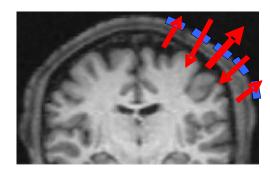
- Decades old "reciprocity" hypothesis, but with closed head model
- Activity guided targeting, does not require source localization

Dmochowksi et al. Optimal use of EEG recordings to target active brain areas with transcranial electrical stimulation. *Neuroimage* 2017

Pick a brain target (or don't): software provides optimized dose







a) Software allows subject and target specific (HD) tDCS optimization
b) Software allows for closed-loop stimulation based on EEG

MxN

Dmochowksi et al. Optimized multi-electrodes stimulation. *J Neural Engr* 2011 Dmochowksi et al. Optimal use of EEG recordings to target active brain areas with transcranial electrical stimulation. *Neuroimage* 2017

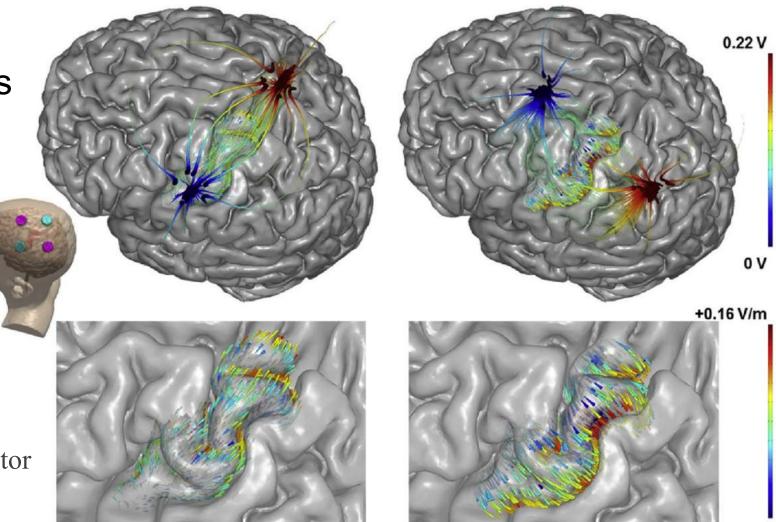
Sub-gyri (pathway) level precision with bipolar HD-tDCS

Sub-gyri (pathway) level precision with bipolar HD-tDCS

Orientation of tDCS current flow across the motor cortex determines excitability changes measured by TMS, and behavior.

Rawji et al. tDCS changes motor excitability specific to orientation of current flow. *Brain Stim* 2018

Hannah et al. Direction of tDCS current flow in human sensorimotor cortex influences behavioural learning. *Brain Stim* 2019



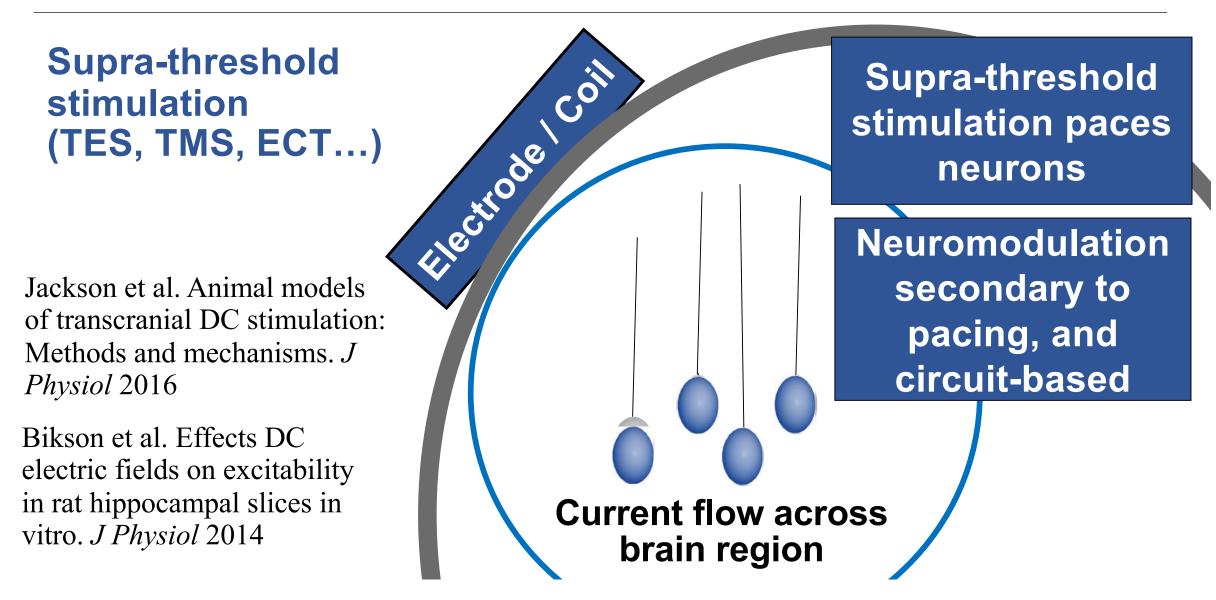
-0.16 V/m

From Anatomical Targeting to Functional Targeting. tDCS / tACS are sub-threshold so modulate (target) ongoing activity.

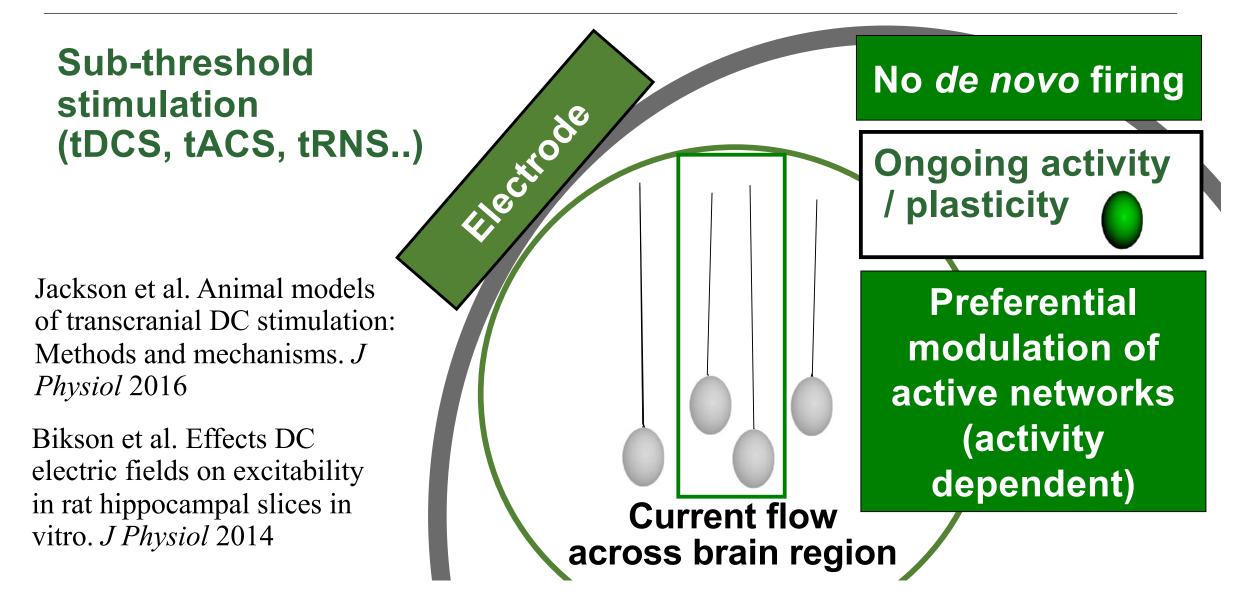
Jackson et al. Animal models of transcranial DC stimulation: Methods and mechanisms. J Physiol 2016

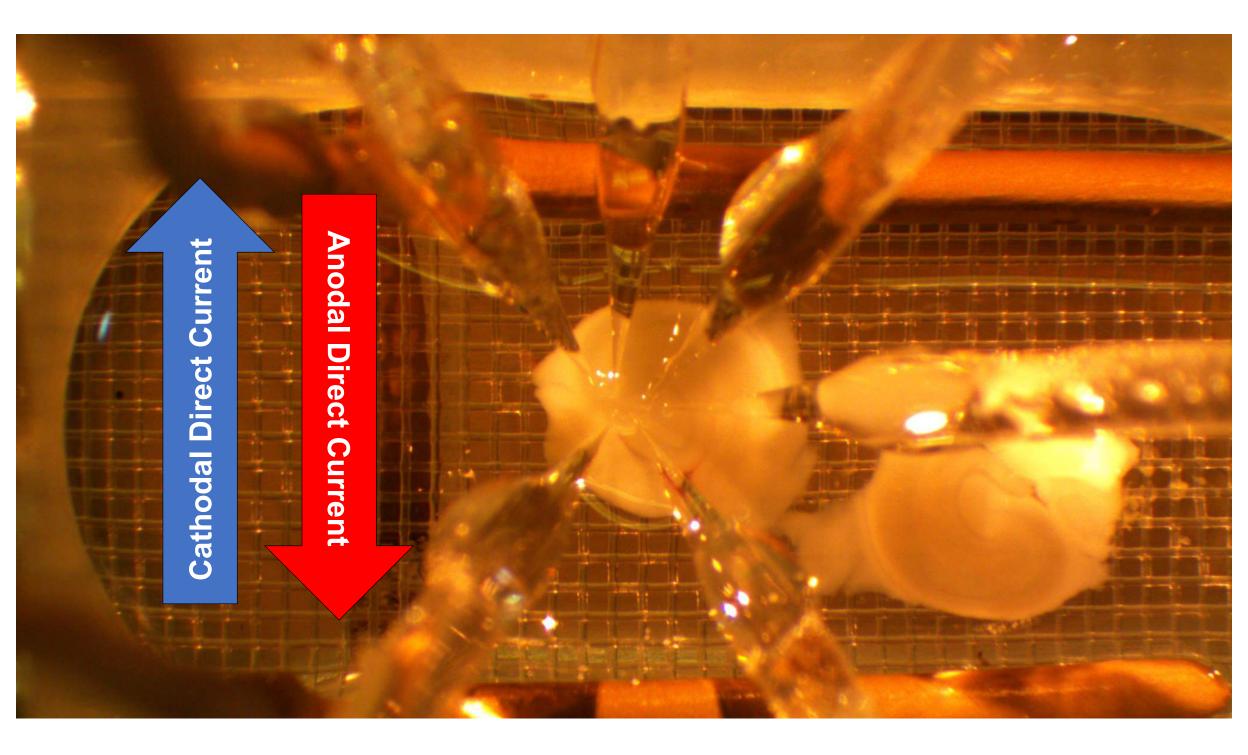
Bikson et al. Effects DC electric fields on excitability in rat hippocampal slices in vitro. *J Physiol* 2014

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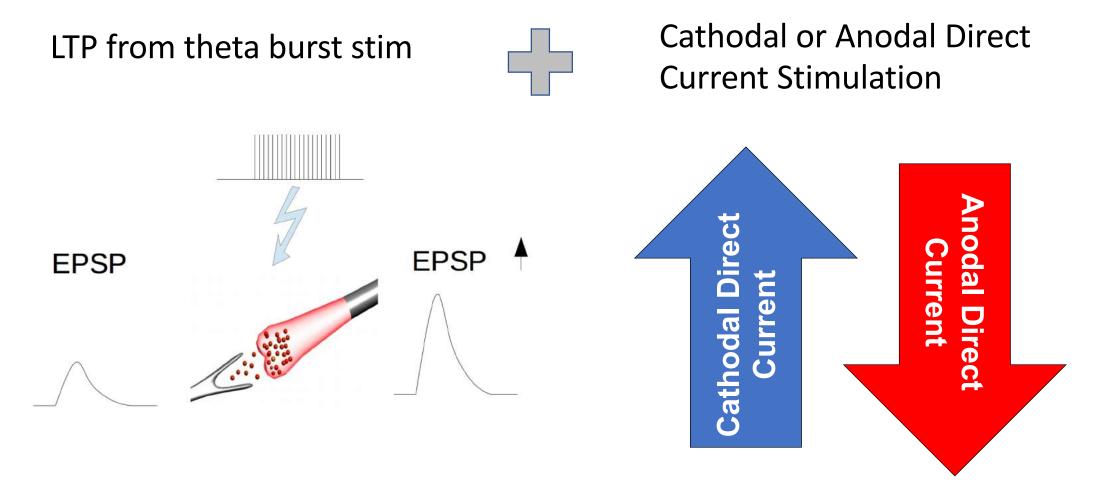


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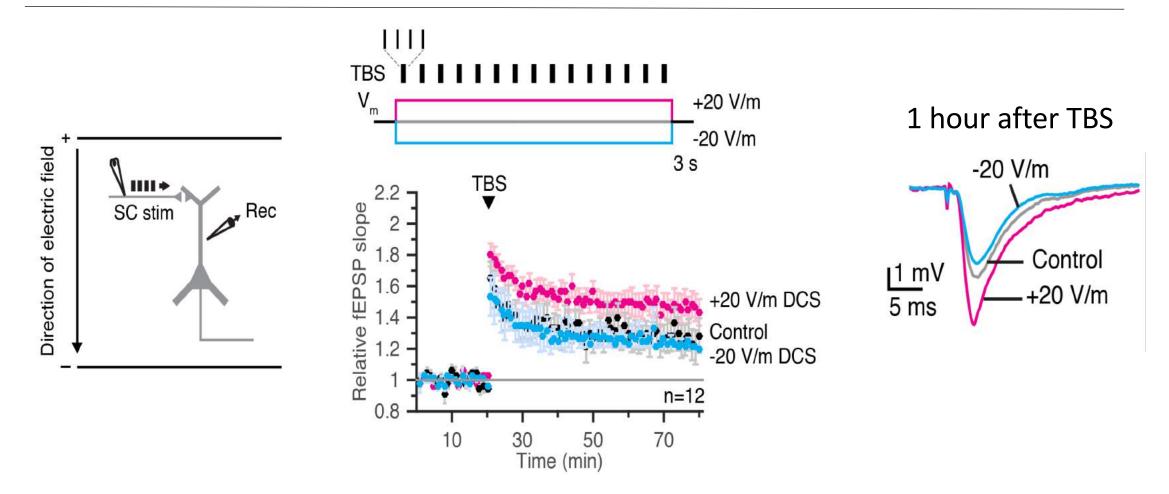




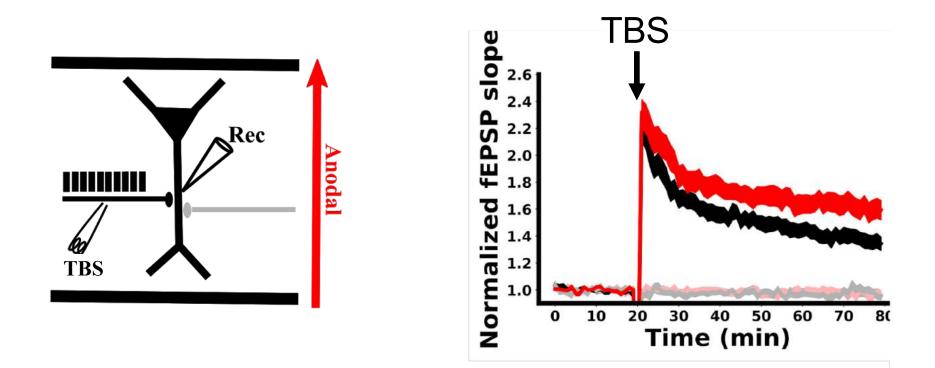
Theta Burst Stimulation (TBS) generates LTP which is modulated by concurrent Direct Current Stimulation (DCS)



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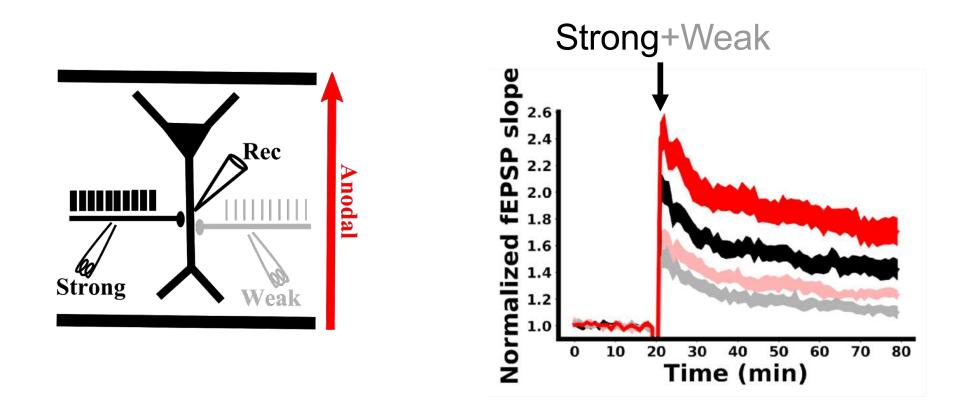


Anodal DCS boost synapses with LTP but does not generate LTP in silent synapses



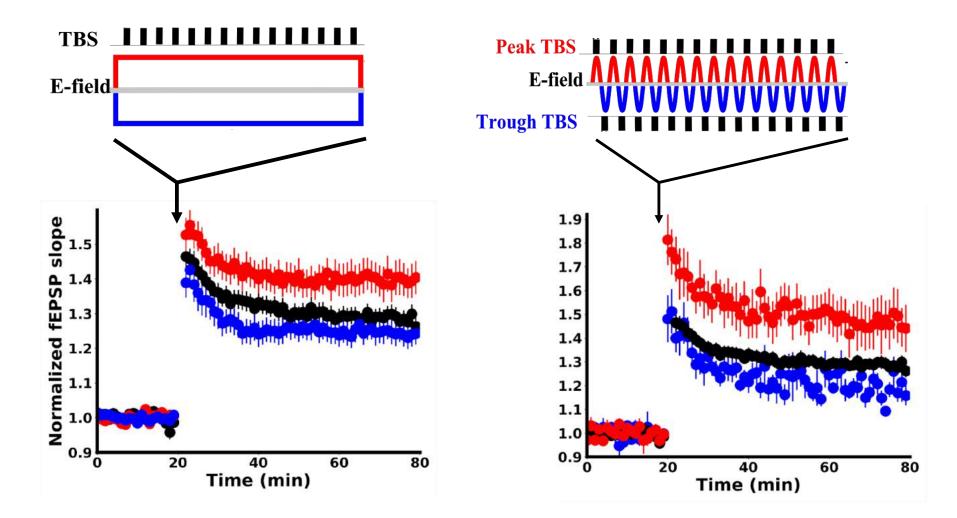
Only active synapse get benefit of tDCS: Functional Targeting.

"Strong" stimulation induces LTP in "weakly" co-activated pathway. This **associative** effects is enhanced with DCS.



tDCS boosts Hebbian plasticity: Functional Targeting.

Only "instant" electric field matters. As a result, AC stimulation (tACS) can produce net plasticity boost.



Kronberg et al. Direct current stimulation boosts Hebbian plasticity in vitro. Brain Stim 2019

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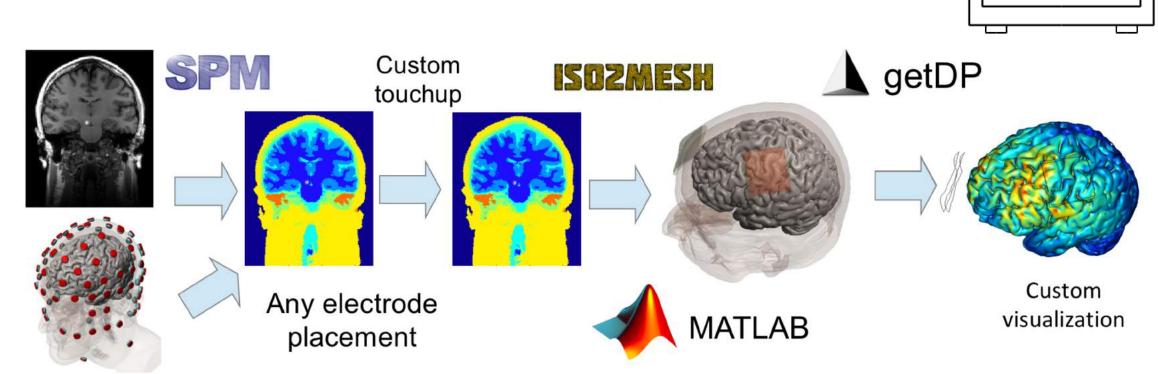
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UR Medicine, Del Monte Institute for Neuroscience. Oct 25, 2019

Realistic vOlumetric-Approach-based Simulator for Transcranial electrical stimulation

> BRAIN initiative, NIMH. Free (Matlab), Open Source, One command line, validated outcomes.



ROAST

Huang et al. ROAST -- a fully automated open-source pipeline, bioRxiv 217331, Nov 10, 2017

Targeting limited: Interferential Stimulation

